SMAST Bycatch Avoidance Program Catherine E. O'Keefe, Greg DeCelles and Steven X. Cadrin www.umassd.edu/smast/bycatch

> Scallop PDT Meeting 9 April 2014



University of Massachusetts Dartmouth School for Marine Science and Technology (SMAST)

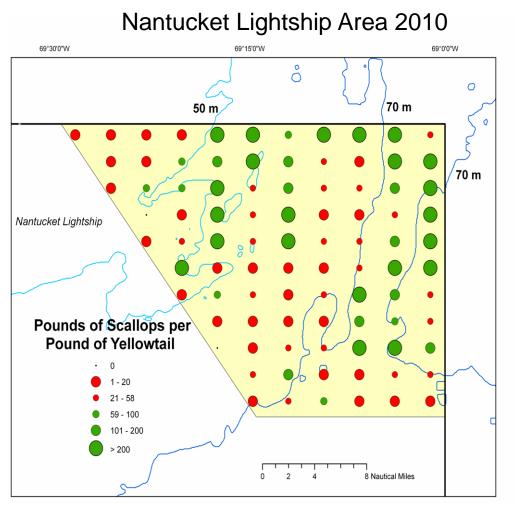


# Forming a Partnership to Avoid Bycatch

- Phase 1: Distribute existing survey data prior to fishery to inform fleet about yellowtail and scallop distributions
- Phase 2: Real-time communication of yellowtail catch data for fleet avoidance of hotspots



## Phase 1: Examine Existing Data

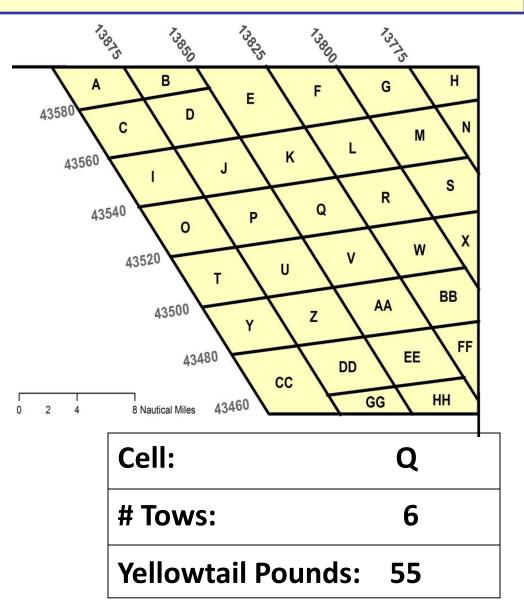


Adapted from DuPaul and Rudders, 2010

- 2009 Virginia Institute of Marine Science dredge survey
- Ratio of scallops to yellowtail based on scallop target and yellowtail catch limit
- Stop light analogy map provided information before fishery began

## Phase 2: Real-Time Communication

- Access area divided into cells on Loran C lines
- Fishermen report once every 24 hours on bycatch
- 1. Data compiled
- 2. Cells classified
- Advisory sent back to fishing fleet

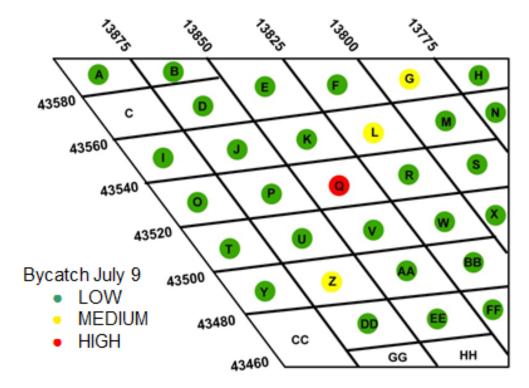




#### **SMAST – SCALLOP INDUSTRY**



#### NANTUCKET LIGHTSHIP YELLOWTAIL BYCATCH ADVISORY



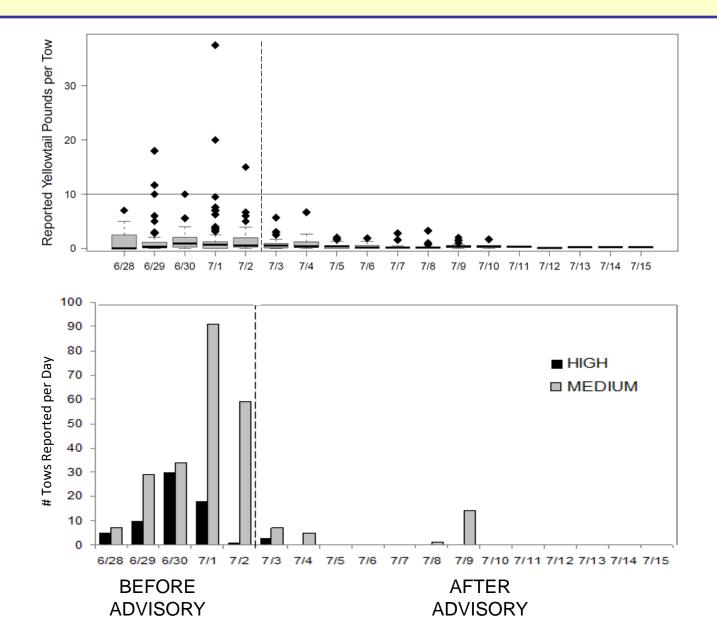
YT Update for 7/9: 10 boats reported 129 tows

YT catch was: HIGH: Q MEDIUM: G L Z All other cells LOW

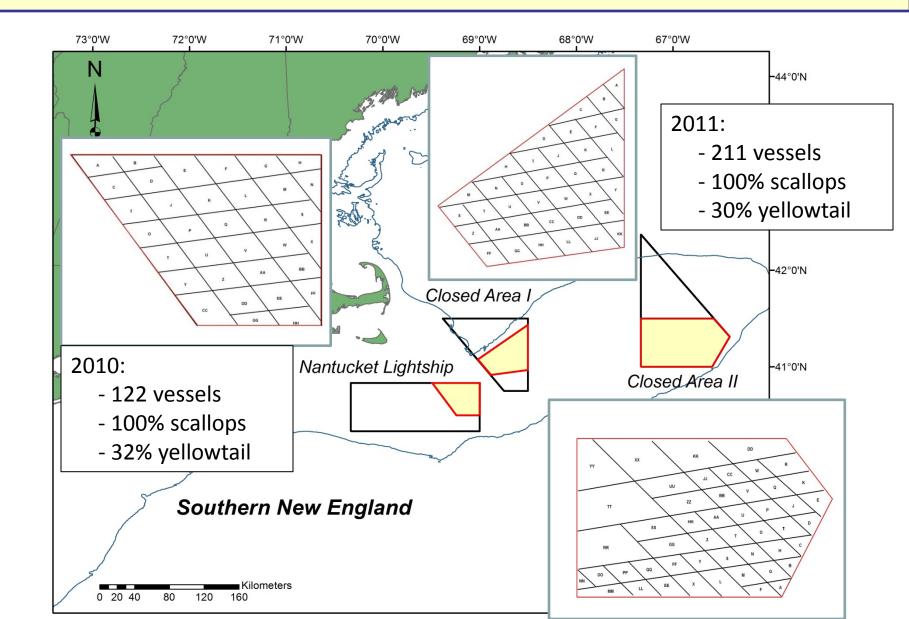
Cell Q remains a YT hotspot. Cells G L Z had high YT catch.

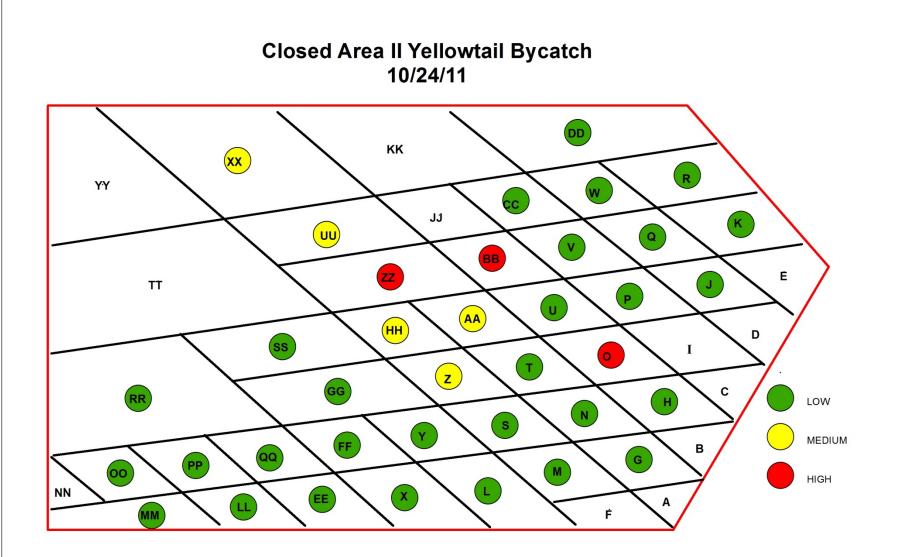
Next Report 7/10. Thank you!

### **Changing Fishing Behavior**

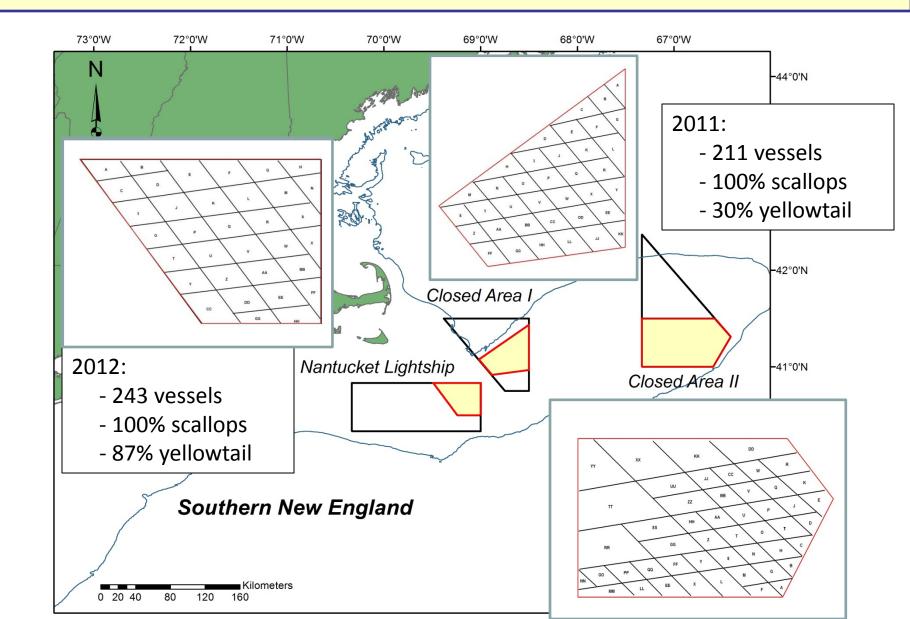


### Access Area Program Repeatability

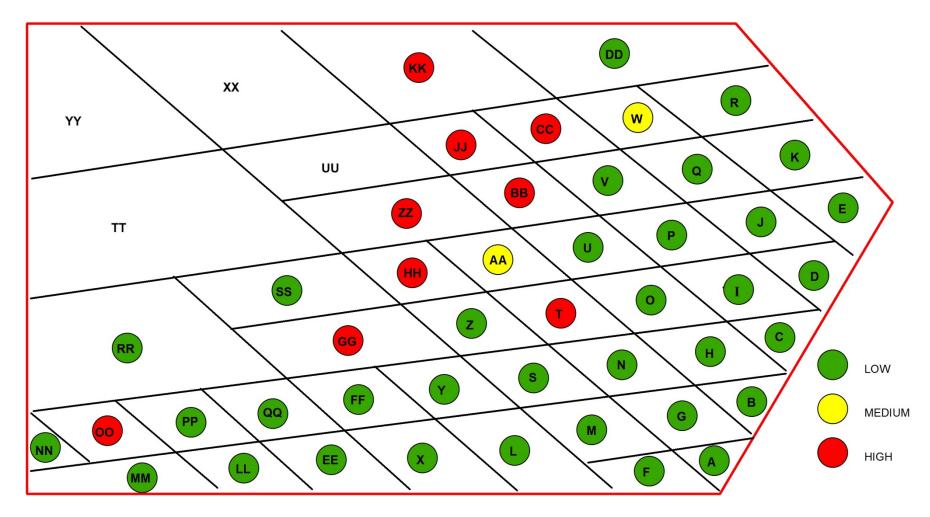




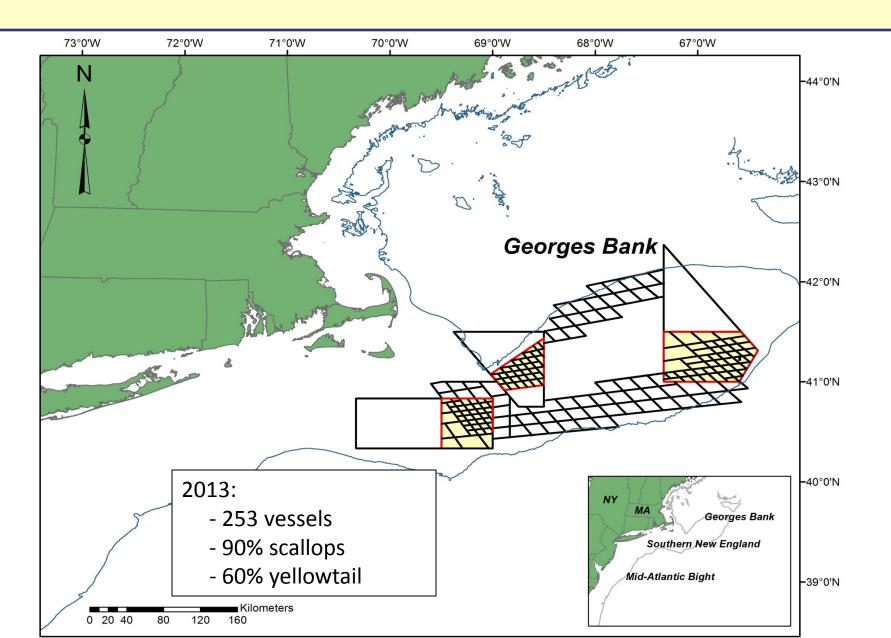
### Access Area Program Repeatability



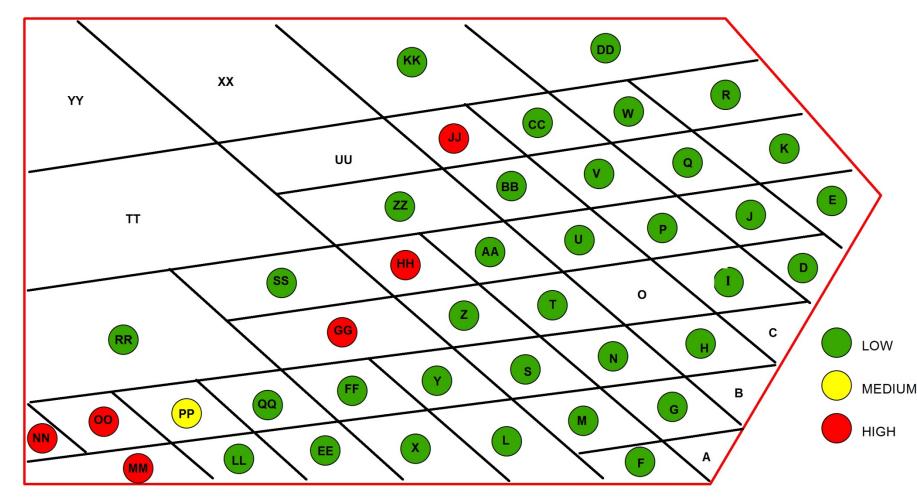
Closed Area II Yellowtail Bycatch 10/22/12

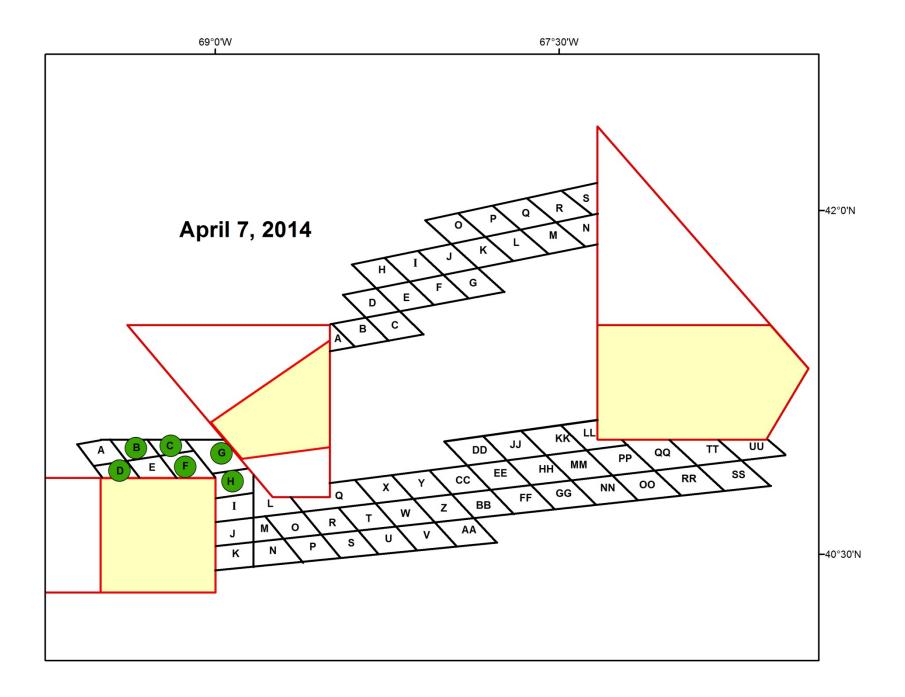


### **Program Expansion**









# **Industry Participation**

- 2010: 122 vessels
  - Collection of yellowtail information, no scallop information
- BOATRACS® Wireless Maritime Information Solutions Made Simple<sup>TM</sup>

- 2011: 211 vessels signed up
  - Data reporting included scallop catch information
- 2012: 243 vessels
  - Expanded to include 9 General Category vessels in open areas in Southern New England
- 2013: 253 vessels
  - Expanded to include open areas on Georges Bank and Great South Channel











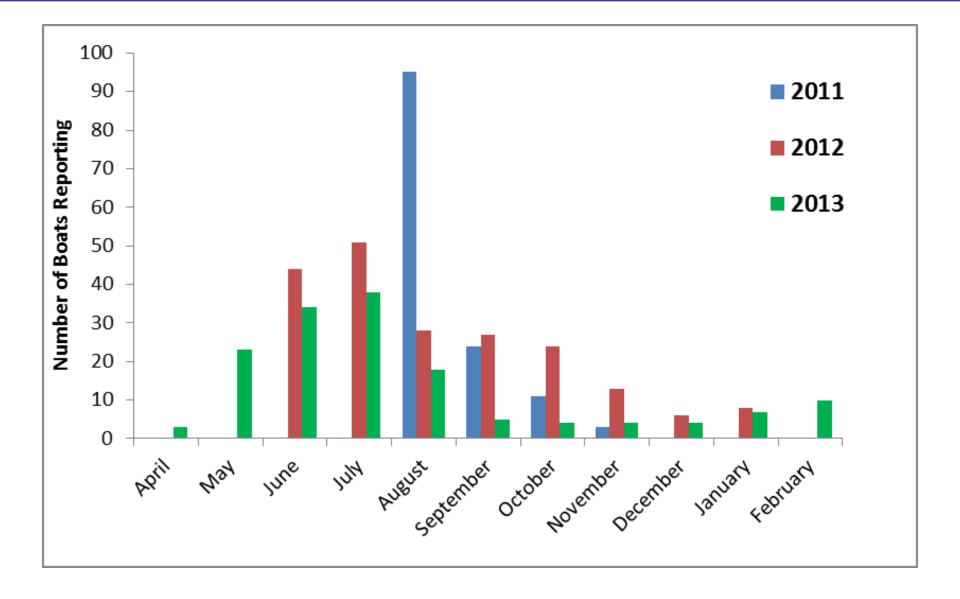
### **SMAST Bycatch Avoidance Program**

### **Reporting Levels By Area**

		2011			2012			2013	
	Boats	Reports	Tows	Boats	Reports	Tows	Boats	Reports	Tows
CA1	91	755	5717	60	602	8322	11	121	1441
CA2	40	324	2704	86	950	9305	39	352	3660
NLCA				44	256	3029	33	219	3126
North Open							11	60	924
South Open							24	330	4300
Total	112	1079	8241	108	1808	20656	73	1082	13451

- 2011: 211 boats signed up **53%** Reporting
  - 522 trips in CA1, 174 in CA2
- 2012: 243 boats signed up 44% Reporting
  - 174 trips in CA1 and NLCA, 348 in CA2
- 2013: 253 boats signed up **29%** Reporting
  - 118 trips in CA1, 182 in CA2, 116 in NLCA

### Monthly Reporting Levels 2011-2013

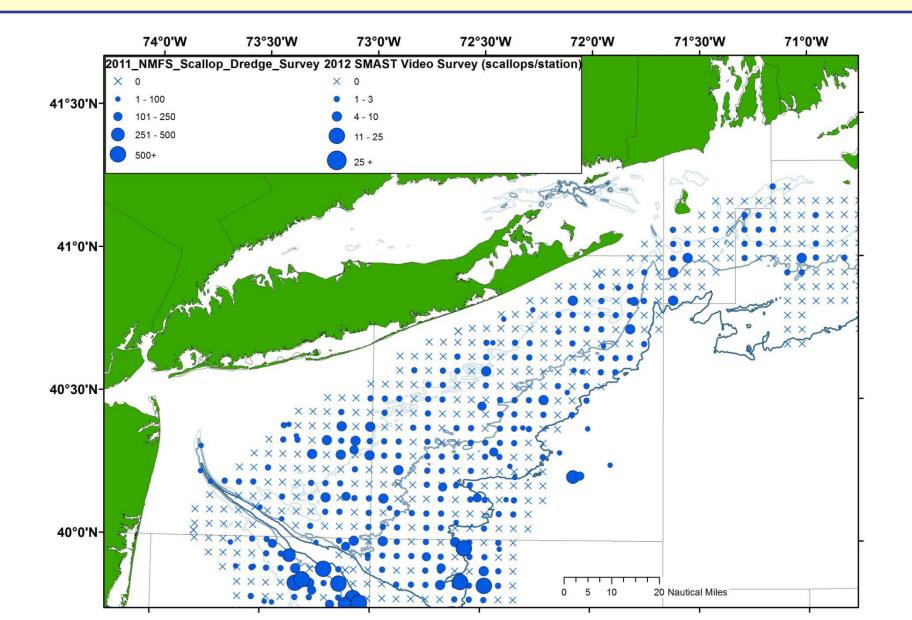




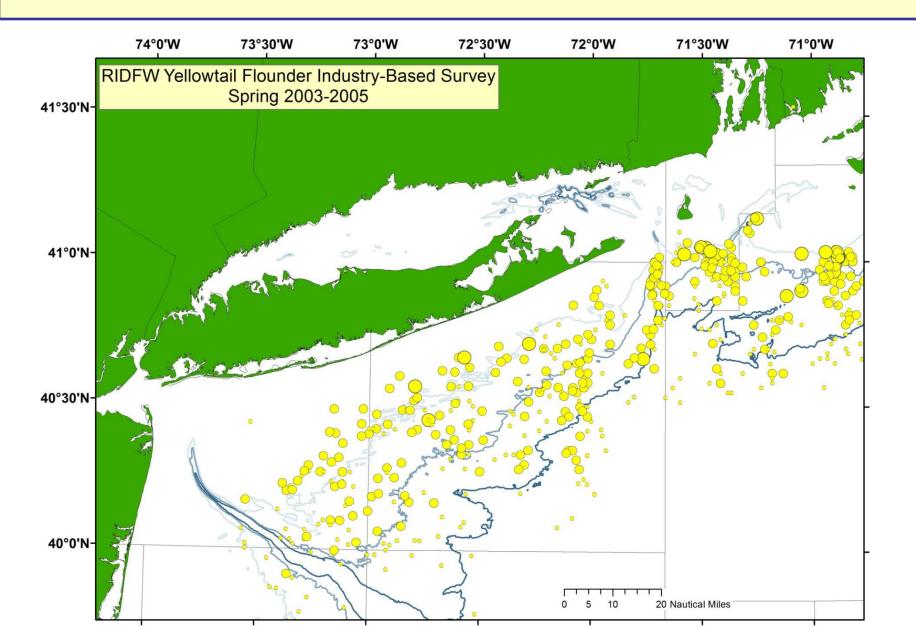
# Bycatch Avoidance 2014

- Continued importance of bycatch avoidance
- Include expansion to Southern New England
- Create new reporting grid
- Include windowpane for all reporting areas
- Same protocols as previous years

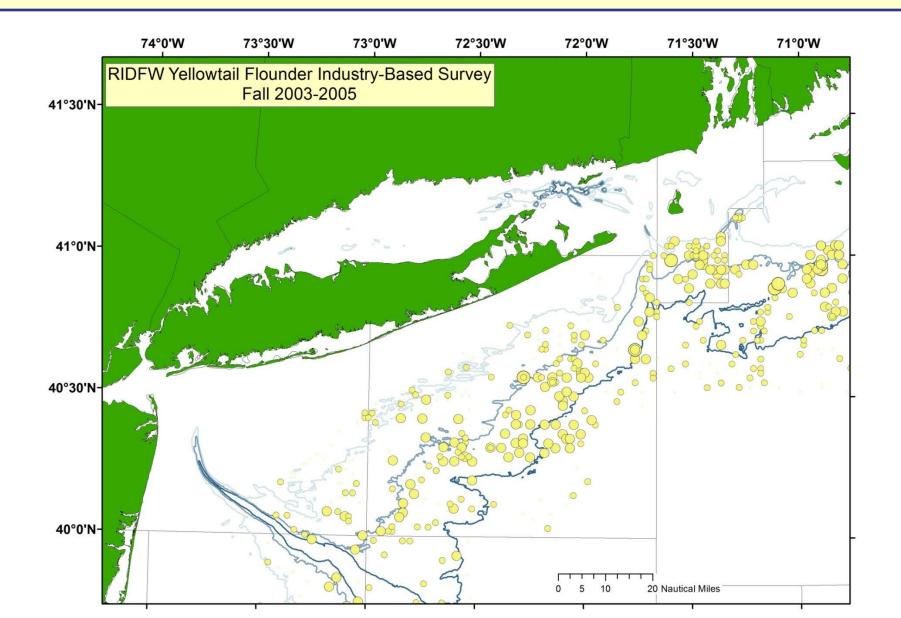
## NMFS – SMAST Scallop Distribution



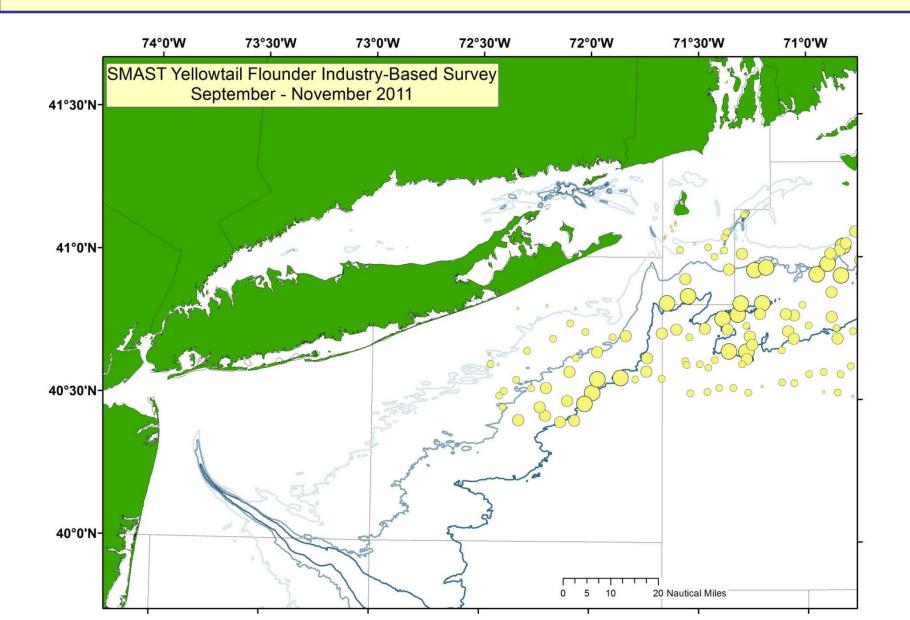
### Rhode Island Yellowtail Spring Survey



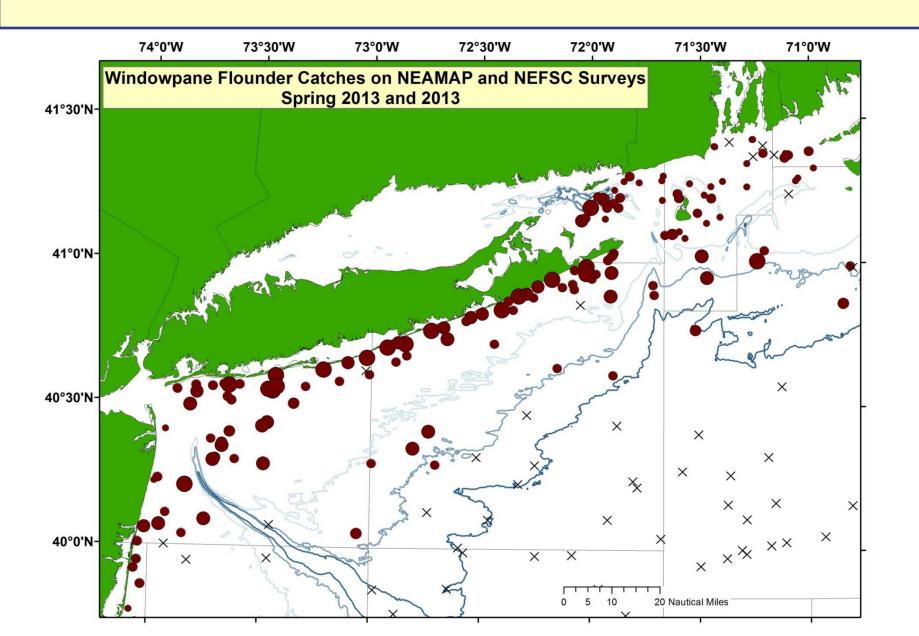
# Rhode Island Yellowtail Fall Survey



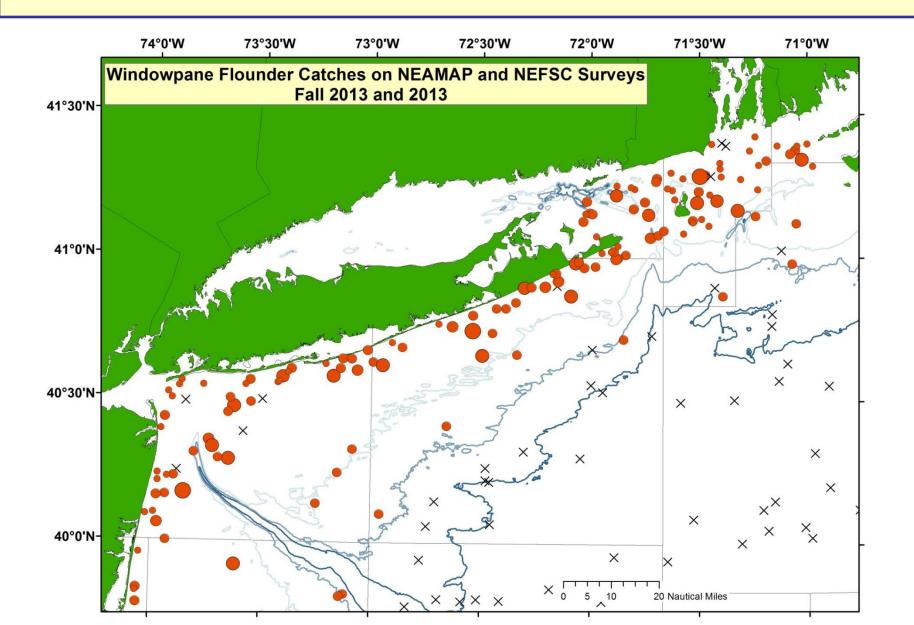
# SMAST Yellowtail Fall Survey



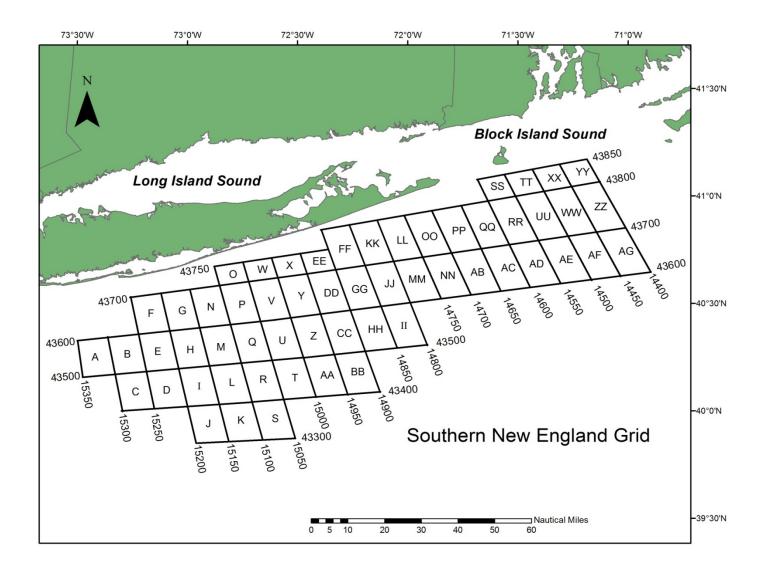
### NEAMAP/NEFSC Windowpane Spring Survey



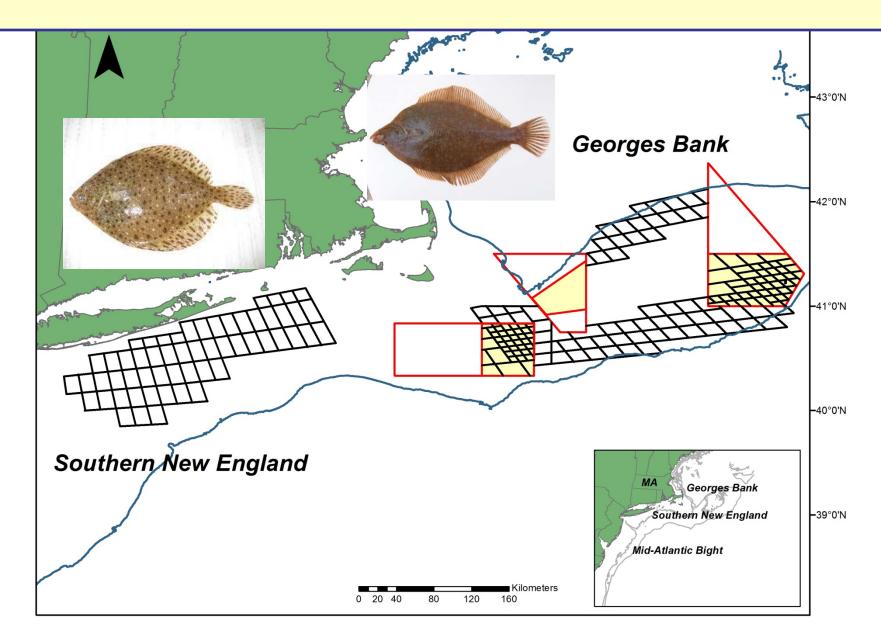
### NEAMAP/NEFSC Windowpane Fall Survey



# **SNE Reporting Region Proposal**



#### **2014 Program Expansion**



# 2014 Bycatch Avoidance Program

- Master's student project focused on environmental variables as predictors for yellowtail distribution
  - Using 2011-2013 Bycatch Avoidance data, combined with other data sources
  - Results could be applied in Phase 1 of program in future years
- Comparing NEFOP data to avoidance program data
  - Report similarities and differences
  - Effectiveness of advise for changing fishing behavior

# **RSA Funding for Bycatch Avoidance**

- 2012 Bycatch Avoidance Program (CAI, CAII, NLCA)
  - Scallop RSA = \$ 94,829
  - Fisheries Survival Fund = \$ 30,000
  - American Scallop Association = \$ 21,000
  - Total ~ \$ 146,000
- 2013 Bycatch Avoidance Program (CAI, CAII, NLCA, Georges Bank open areas)
  - Scallop RSA = \$147,096
  - Fisheries Survival Fund = \$30,000
  - American Scallop Association = \$11,000
  - Other Industry Donations = \$4,000
  - Total ~ \$ 192,000
- 2014 Bycatch Avoidance Program (CAII, NLCA, Georges Bank and Southern New England open areas)
  - Scallop RSA Proposal = \$152,765
  - Efforts to raise ~ \$ 50,000 from industry to support 2014 program

# Conclusions

 Collaborative, iterative approach to yellowtail bycatch reduction was effective in changing fishing behavior

 Trust and communication influenced participation to address yellowtail bycatch

 Program may not have been effective without restrictive bycatch cap or area closures.

